

The dilemma of asset allocation during market volatility

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The dilemma of asset allocation during market volatility

June 2020



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Agenda

What will be covering today

1. The dilemma of asset allocation during market volatility
 - a) COVID-19 crisis and the asset allocation impact
 - b) Challenges faced by the traditional SMA structure
 - c) A potential solution to the asset allocation dilemma
2. Market update and asset allocation outlook



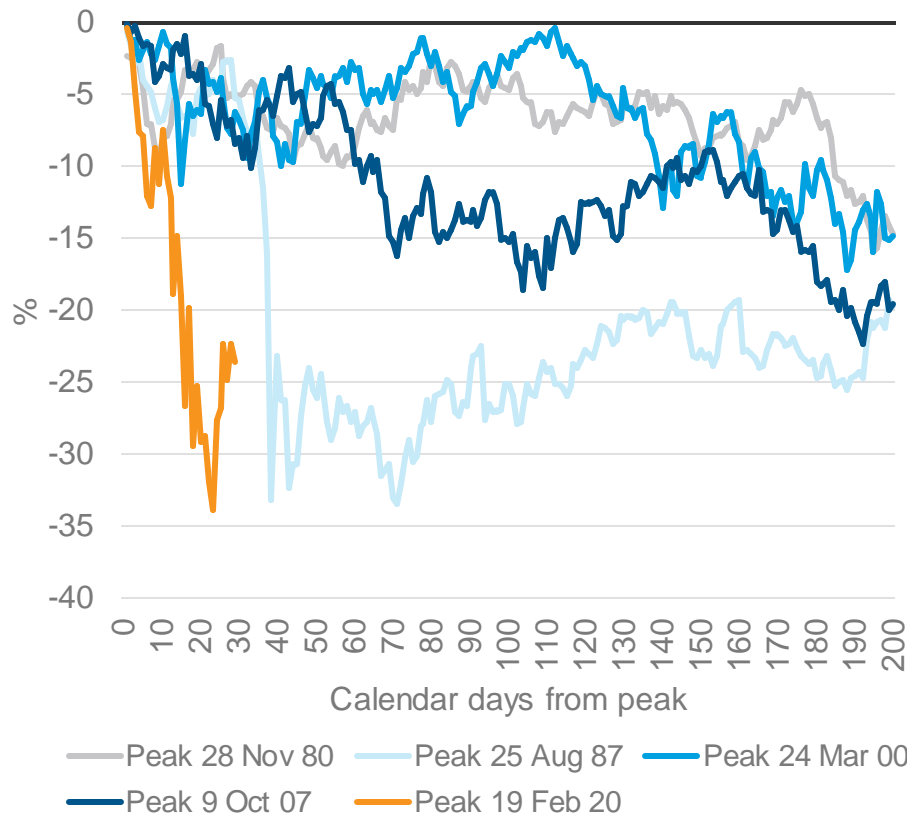
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The dilemma of asset allocation during
market volatility

March | Risk markets down hard and very fast

Equites have seen the fastest fall on record (including 1929)

S&P drawdowns



Investment grade credit spreads

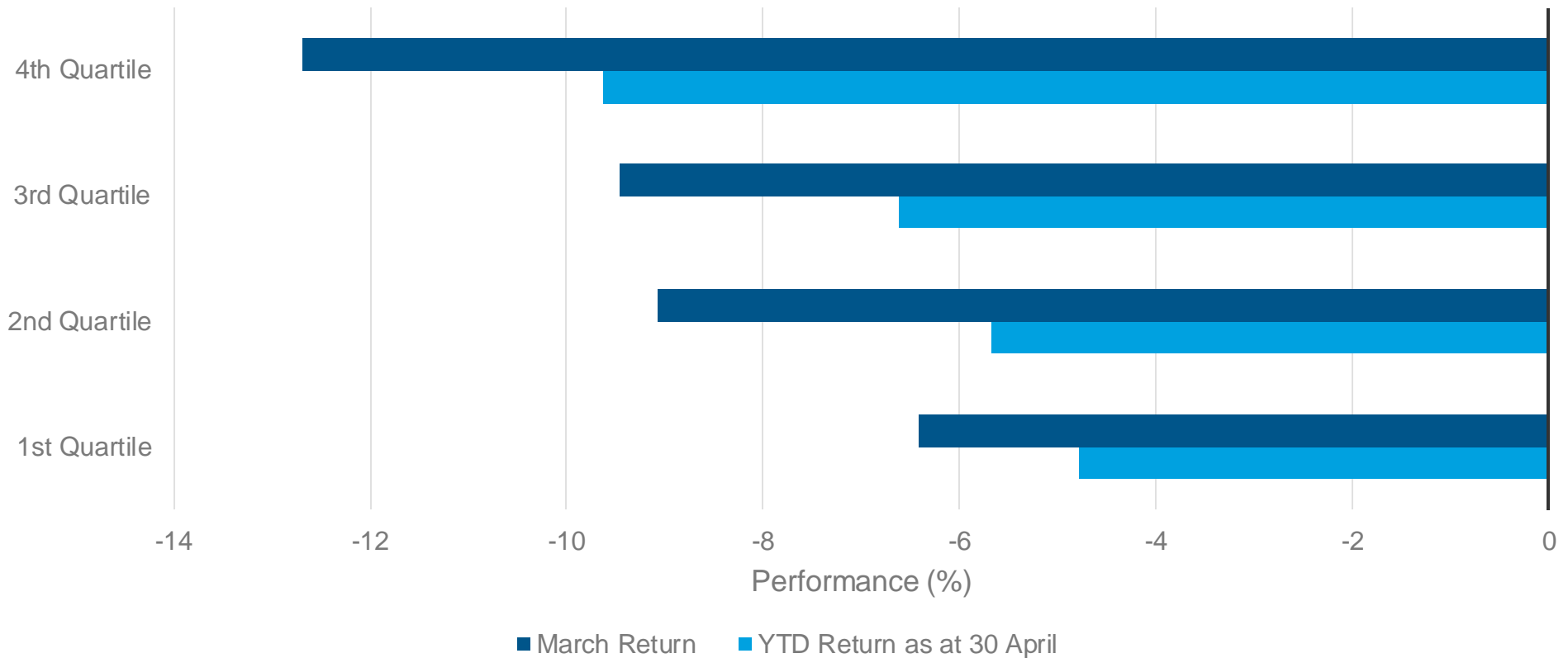


While credit spreads moved from tight to wide in a few days

Overview of recent multi-asset SMA performance

The speed of market moves and impact on trading was notable

Post fee returns for Multi-Sector Balanced SMAs



As evidenced by the divergence in multi-asset SMA returns

What drove the underperformance?

Asset allocation decisions are not the sole driver of returns

An unfavourable
asset allocation
decision

1

Slow to implement
asset allocation
decision

2

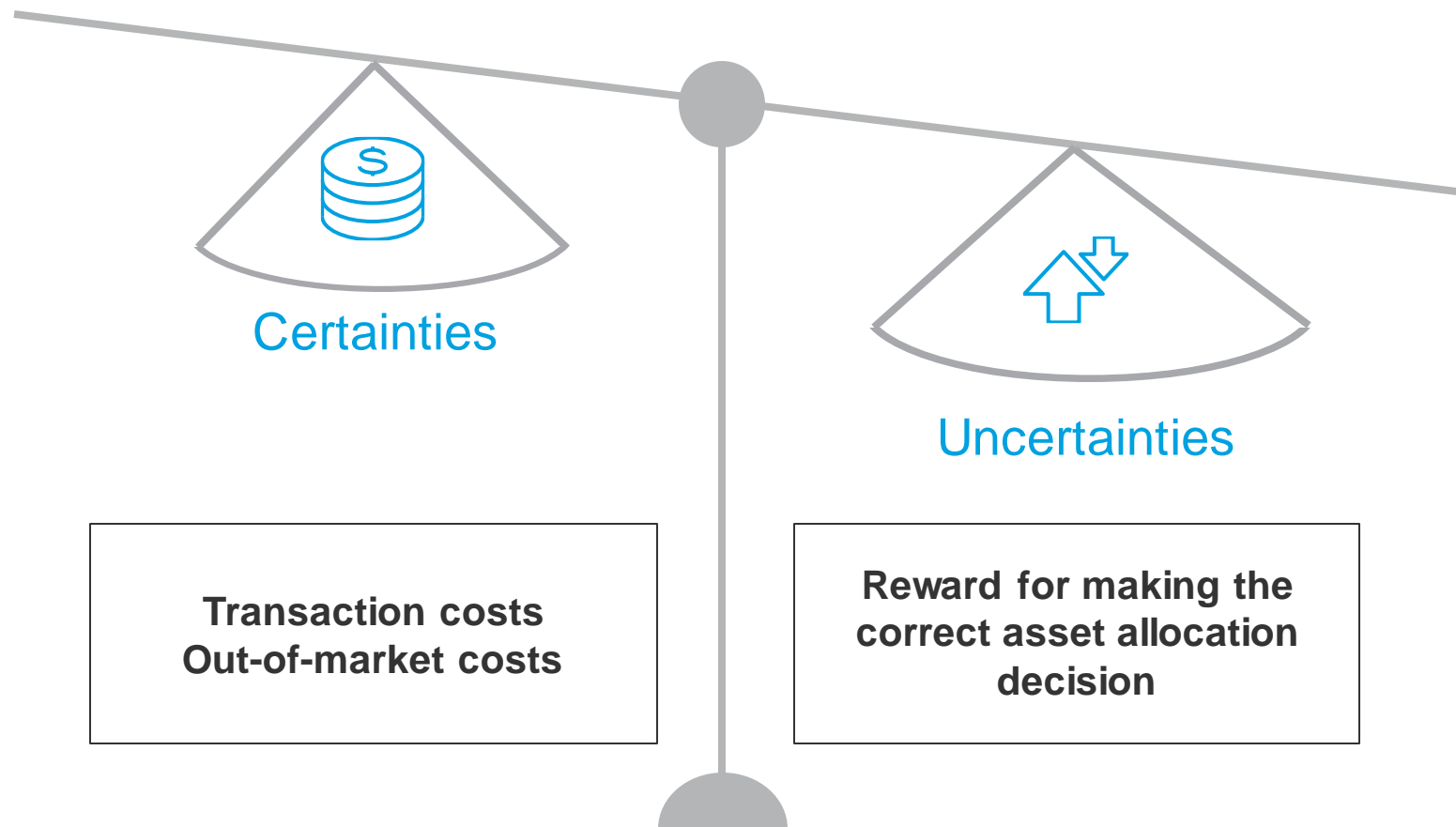
Very high transaction
costs prevented the
asset allocator from
making changes

3

There are other costs to consider

Asset allocation considerations

Asset allocation costs versus benefits based on the investment rationale



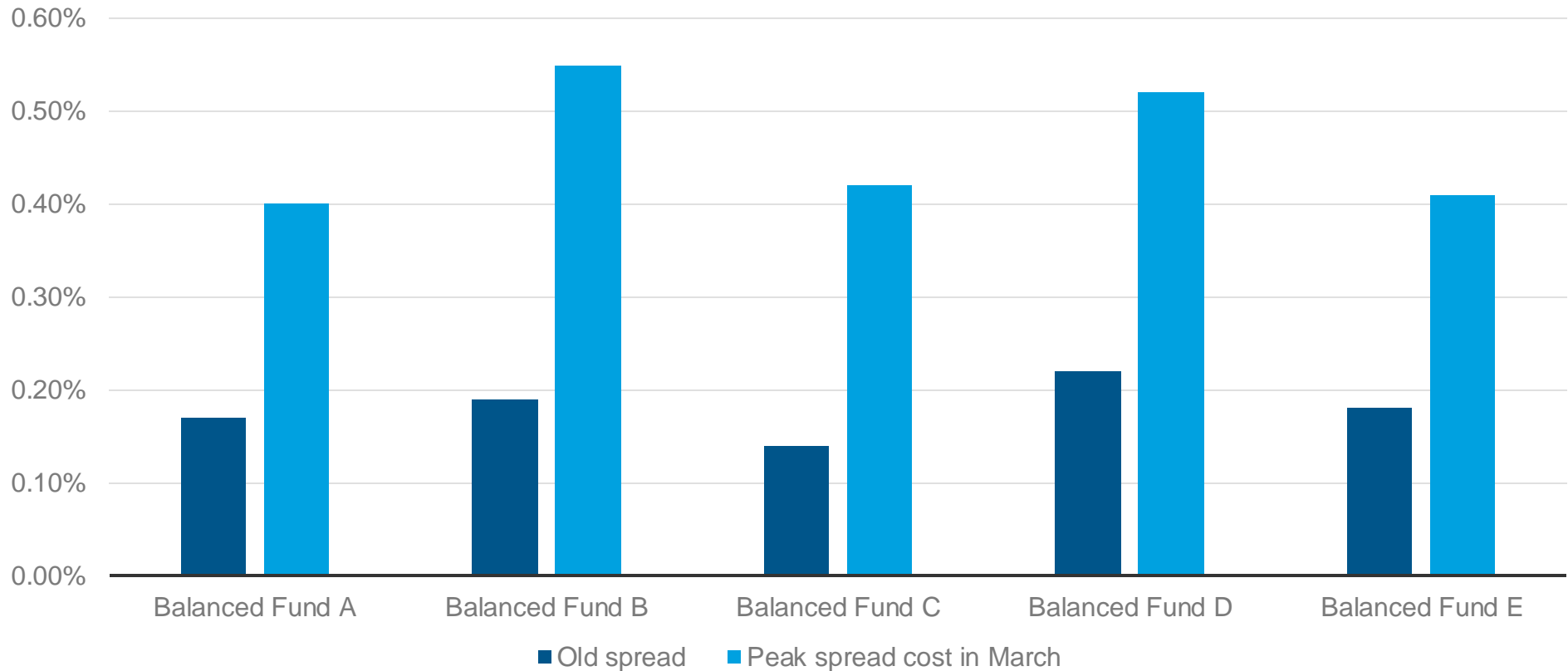
Will costs at times outweigh the benefits?

Transaction costs



Transaction costs to shift portfolio positioning increased markedly

Representative sell spreads in March*



So are the *potential* benefits worth the cost to transact?

Out-of-market costs

Asset allocator's performance will be impacted by "luck"?

Asset class returns for 3 consecutive days (across 1 March – 30 April 2020)

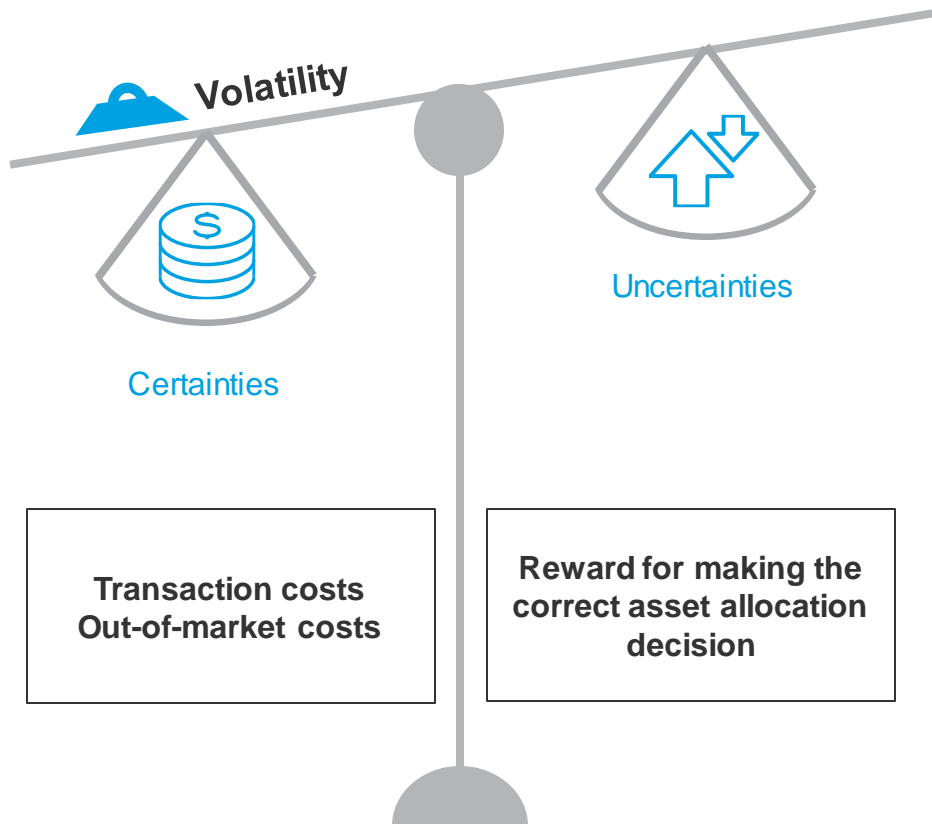
Asset class	Lowest 3-day performance	Median 3-day performance	Highest 3 day performance
S&P 500	-12.96%	0.99%	17.55%
DAX	-16.25%	-0.55%	14.41%
ASX 300	-12.75%	-0.06%	12.49%
Global Fixed Income*	-4.58%	0.26%	2.45%
Australian Fixed Income^	-2.07%	0.00%	2.38%
AUDUSD	-6.93%	0.63%	4.14%

Poorly timed (unlucky!) positioning changes can be costly

Example

Out-of-market costs

During volatility, “luck” becomes important?



EXAMPLE: Right idea, wrong outcome!

Decision Increase equities by 10%

Waiting time 3 days to implement change

Market moves S&P ↑ 17.55%


OUTCOME
Opportunity cost to Portfolio of -1.755%

Market volatility poses a significant challenge to the traditional SMA structure

Asset allocation costs are heightened in volatile markets


Drivers of underperformance

An asset allocator should not be relying on the element of “luck”



Out-of-market costs

An asset allocator should focus on allocation decisions at times when investors need it the most



Transaction costs

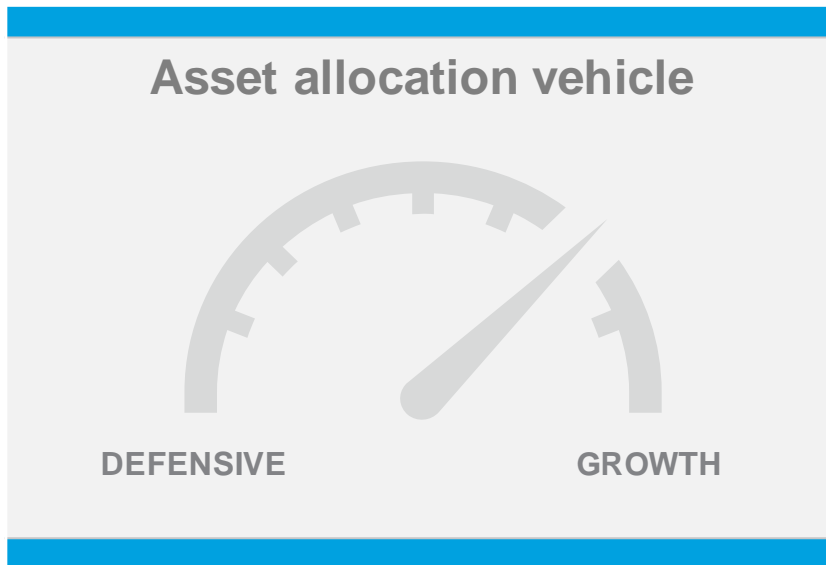
The traditional SMA model



Can we do it better?

Addressing the challenges with an asset allocation vehicle

Mitigate asset allocation costs, focus on asset allocation decisions



Active asset allocation

Allows asset allocator to reposition the portfolio quickly and cost effectively



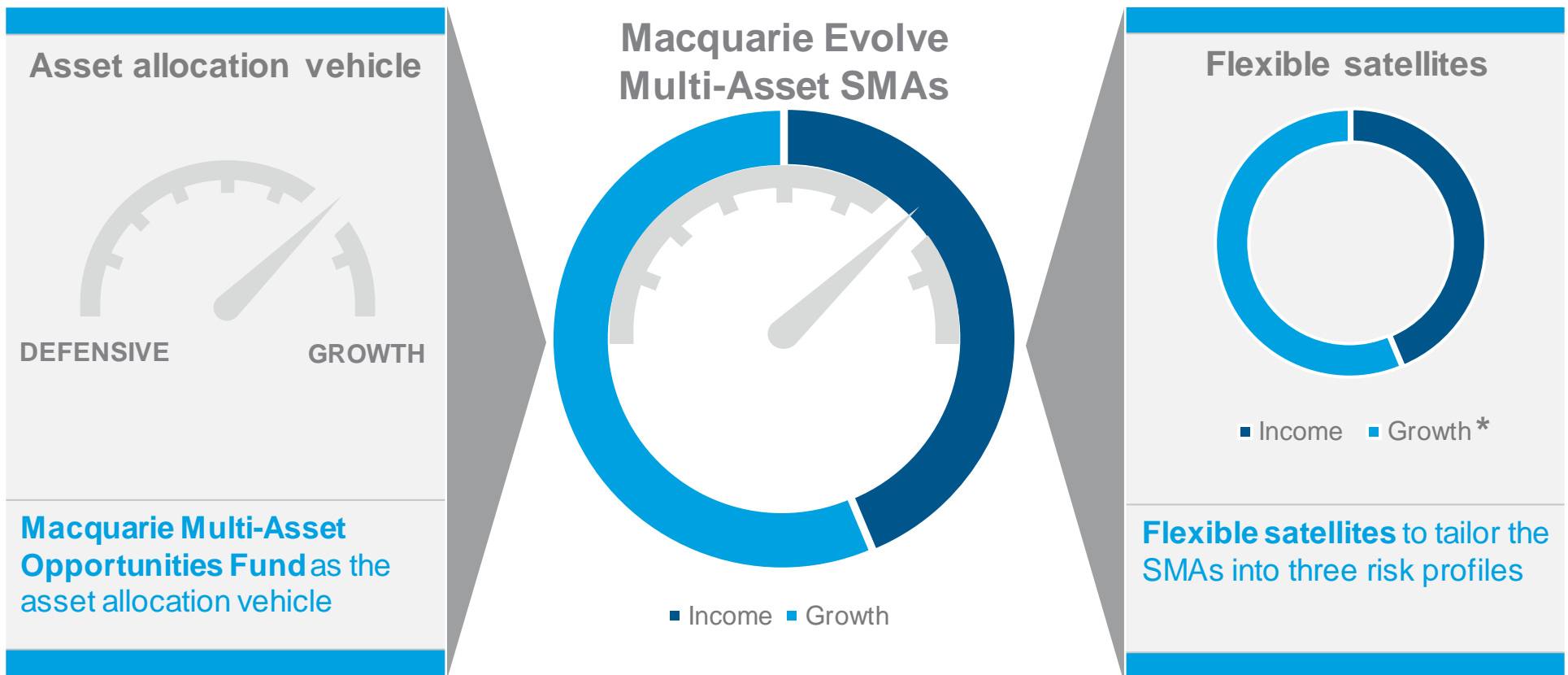
Derivatives

Asset allocator can utilise derivatives to shift exposures and to manage the downside risks

Providing a potential solution for SMAs in volatile markets

A potential solution to the asset allocation dilemma

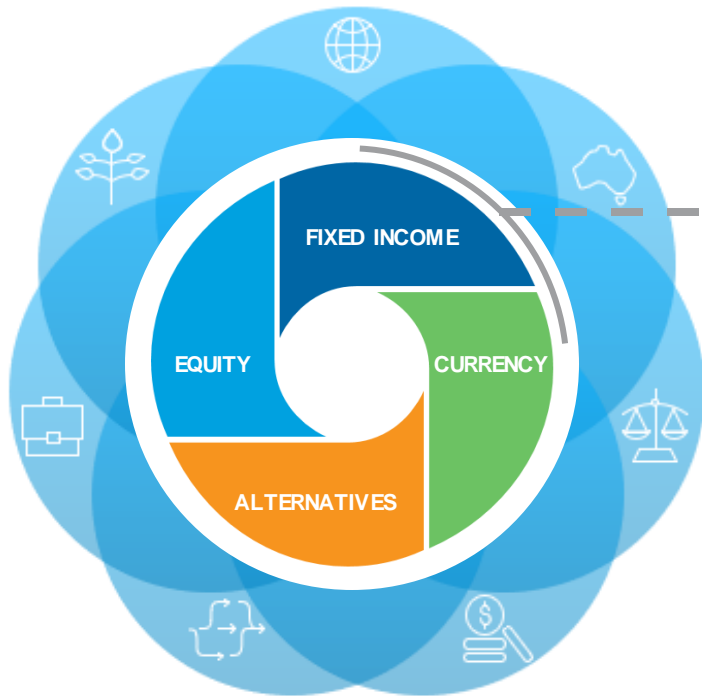
Combining an asset allocation vehicle with a traditional SMA approach



Allows the asset allocator to focus on making investment decisions

Macquarie Evolve Multi-Asset Portfolios

An asset allocation vehicle to complement the traditional SMA structure



High quality asset allocation vehicle

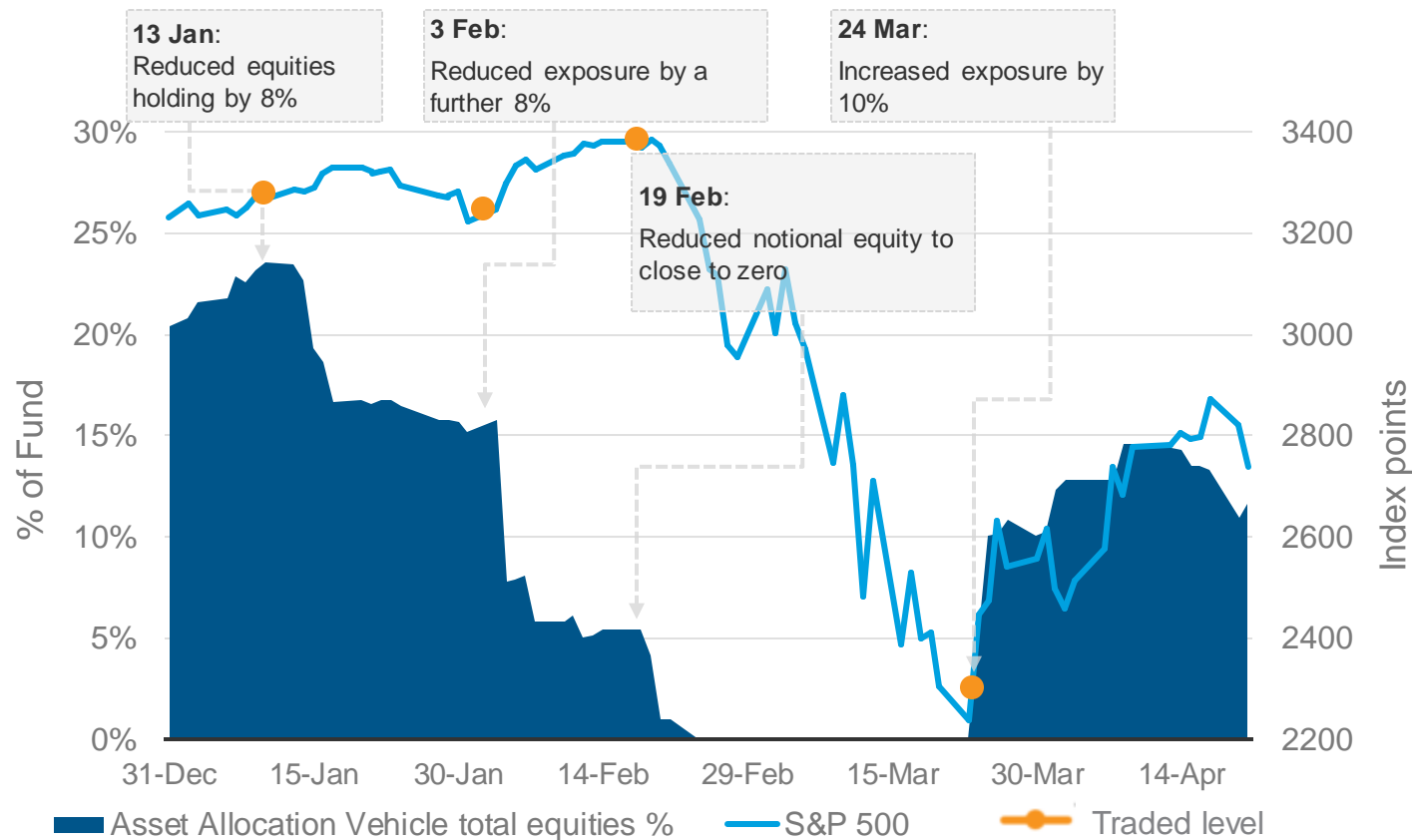
Macquarie Multi-Asset Opportunities Fund

- ✓ Allows asset allocator to focus on asset allocation decisions during different market conditions
- ✓ Mitigate transaction and out-of-market costs
- ✓ Maximising efficiency for investors

Provides a potential solution to the asset allocation dilemma

Asset allocation vehicle (MAO) in action

Navigating the coronavirus uncertainties



This structure allows the portfolio to respond to market events, seeking to capitalise on gains or protect capital as required

Questions?





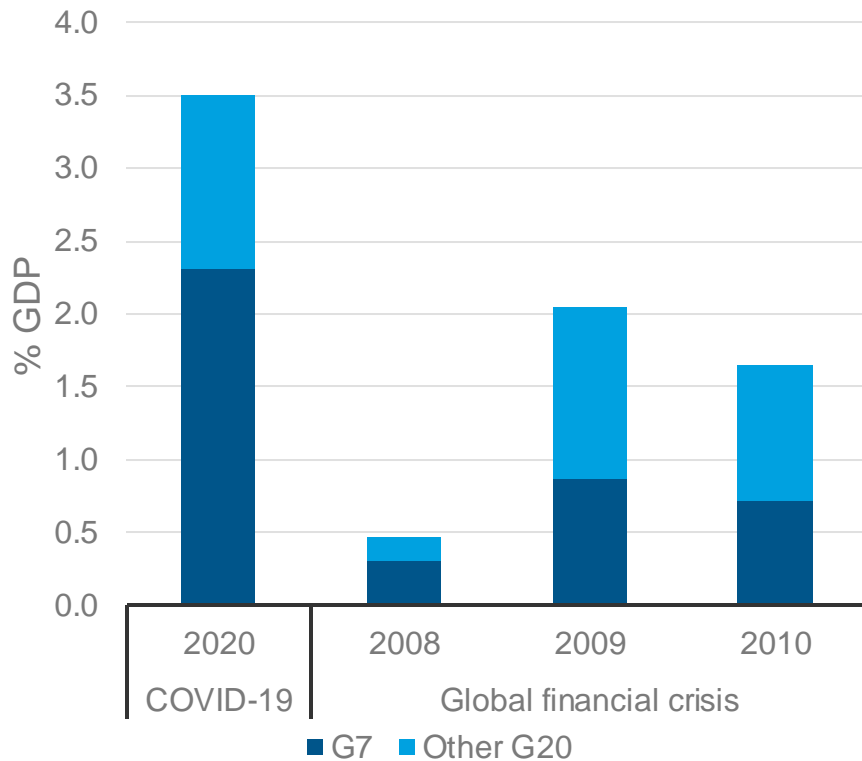
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Market update and asset allocation outlook

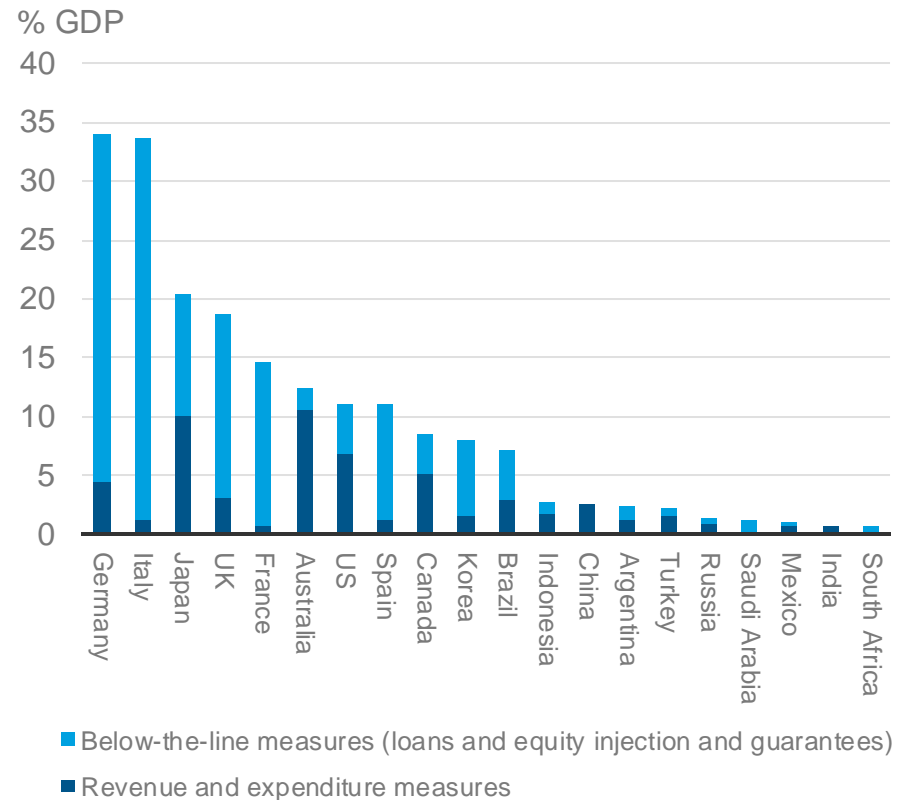
Fiscal response has been enormous

Europe total fiscal response has been larger than rest of world

Direct fiscal response to COVID-19 vs the GFC



Fiscal per country including below line guarantees

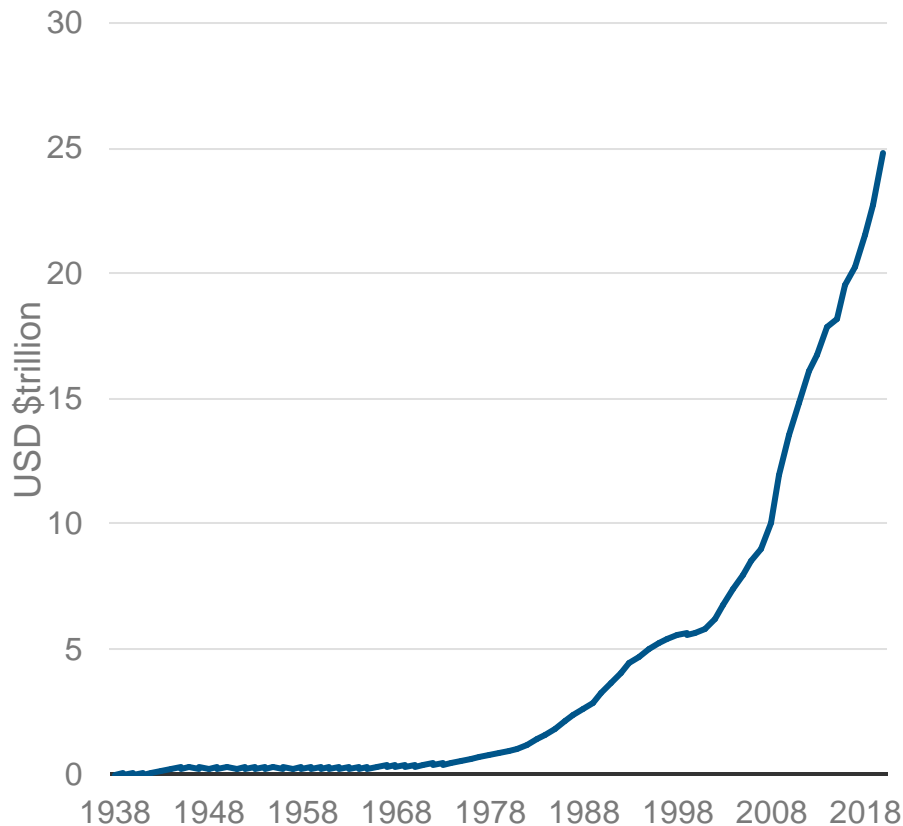


Mainly in below the line measures

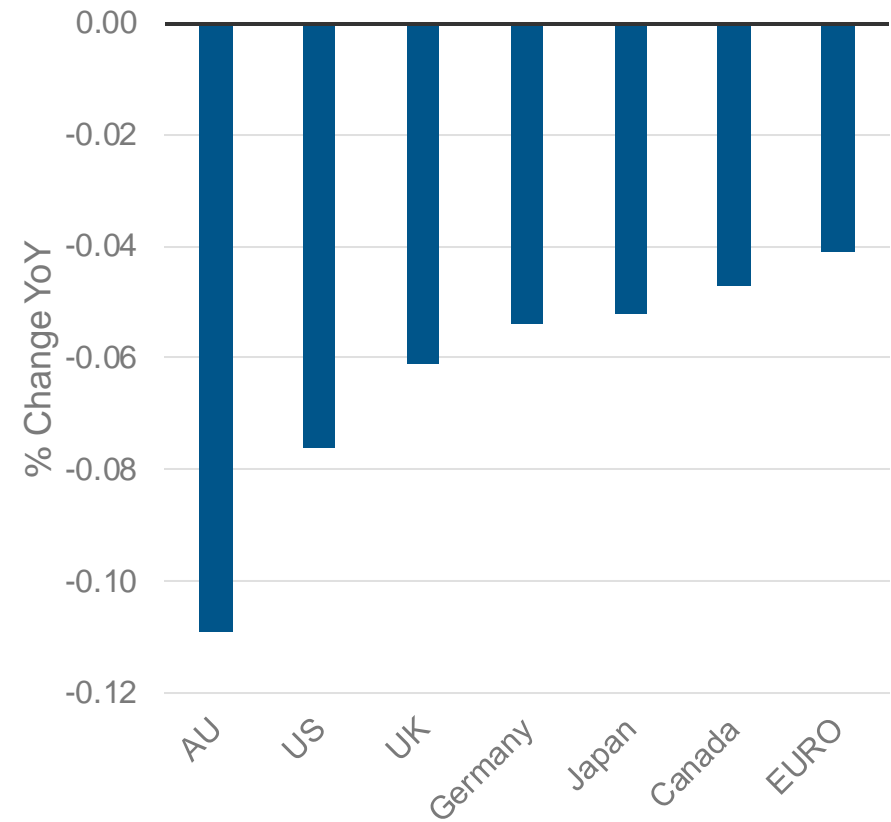
Government debt continues to grow

Fiscal spending adding to government debt

US Government Debt Outstanding



Change in primary budget for year 2020



Building the bridge, filling the gap but what is the consequence?

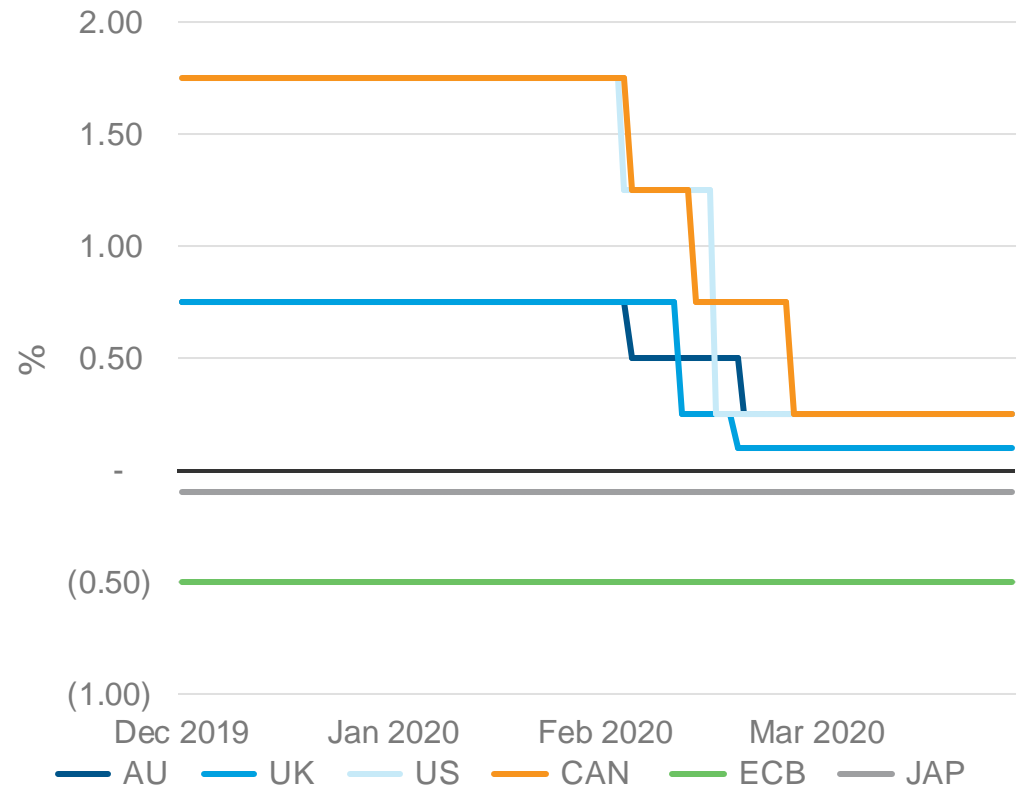
What has changed since January

Central banks have gone all in on monetary policy

Cash rates

Country	Current Yield (%)	Change since Jan 2020
US	0.25	-1.50
UK	0.10	-0.65
AU	0.25	-0.50
GER	-0.50	0.00
JP	-0.10	0.00
CAN	0.25	-1.50

Central bank policy rates

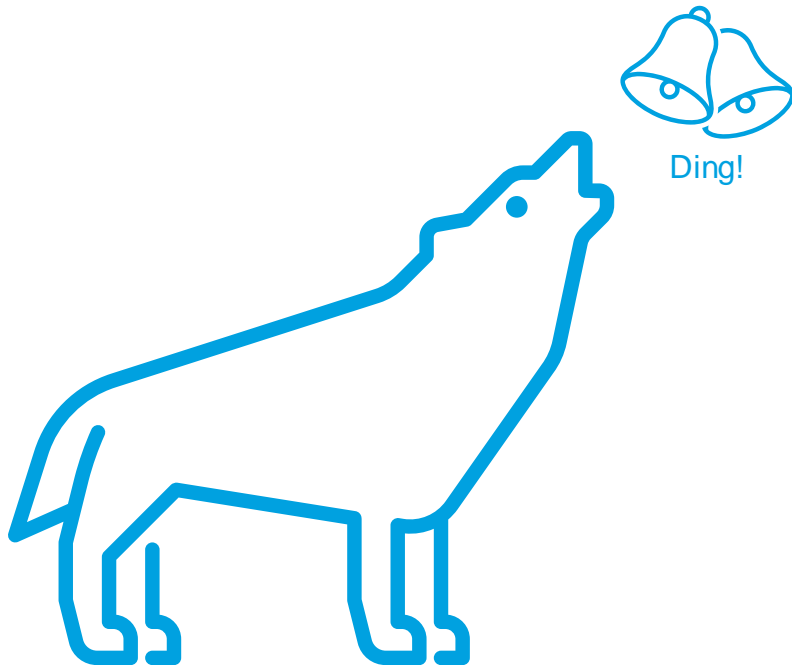


Central banks are at their effective lower bounds...for now

Central banks ring the QE bell again

Asset market responds

“Pavlov” with his dog



$$\text{Discounted cash flow formula} = \frac{CF_t}{(1 + r)^t}$$

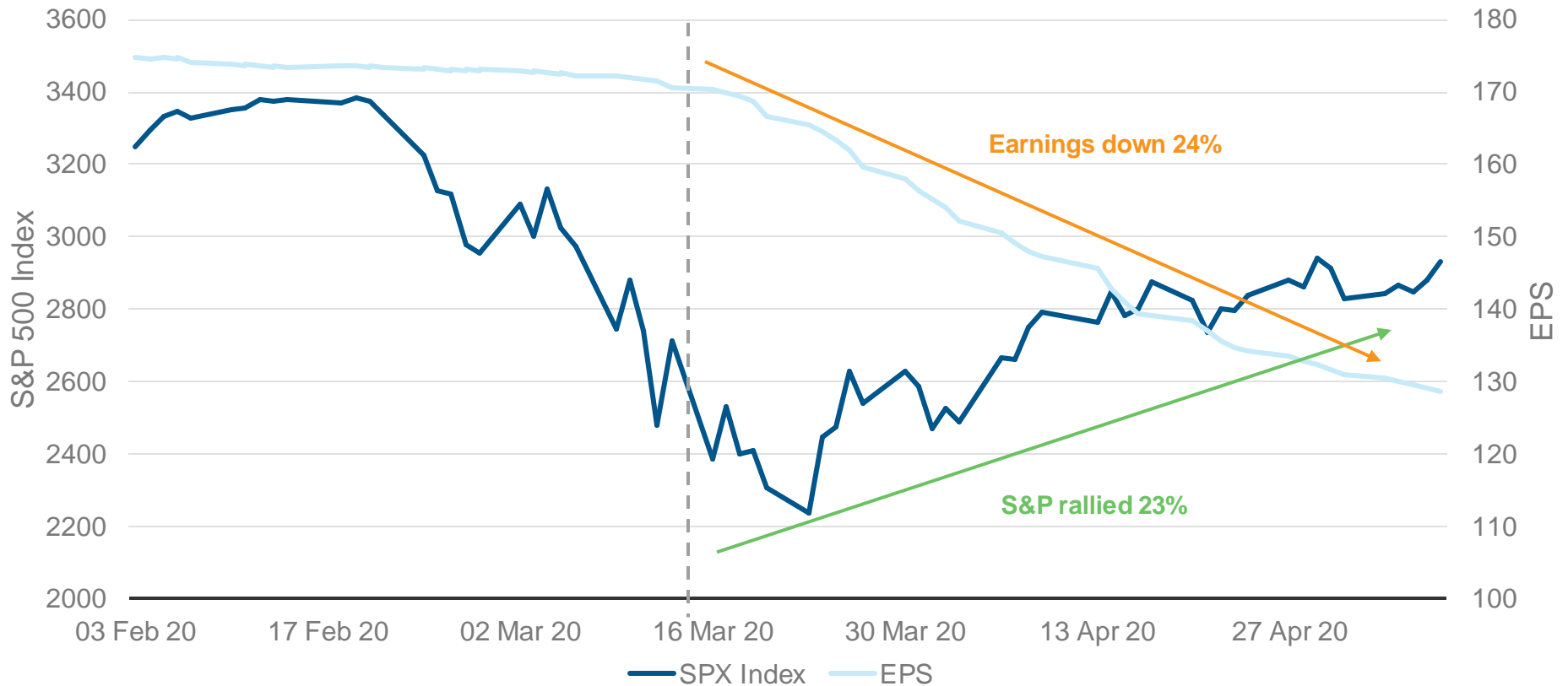
- Central banks can lower the r through rate cuts and liquidity measures which increases NPV
- At some stage though **CF** matters

But at some stage fundamentals should matter

Equity valuations versus fundamentals

QE – a significant market distortion

S&P 500 versus earnings



Does the market have its wires crossed?

Global bond yields are at the lower end of range

There is still a role for bonds

The diversification benefits of bonds have decreased but bonds still play a role in a multi-asset portfolio

A selective approach for fixed income should be utilised, identifying regional and curve opportunities

We view US Treasuries and Australian Government Bonds as attractive opportunities on a hedged basis

Multi-asset portfolios require high quality liquid assets

Investment highlights and outlook

Continue to maintain an overall more defensive tilt



Equities

- Rich valuation, PE expansion driven largely by the unprecedented monetary and fiscal policy support
- Stay opportunistic, watch earnings guidance
- Economic/earnings downturn will persist



Fixed income

- Both downside or upside risks are limited given the unprecedented amount of monetary support as well as the unwillingness of stepping into a negative rate territory
- Diversification /expected return diminished



Infrastructure / property

- Continued to benefit from a very low / negative real rate
- Be selective, particularly in the commercial real estate sector



Alternatives

- Continued to offer uncorrelated return source
- An important asset class in the current environment of market uncertainty to create a return buffer



Currency

- Preference for safe-haven currencies
- Continue to see AUD trade lower in the short term
- Plan to increase portfolio hedge level on AUD weakness

Portfolio asset allocation

Positioning for the uncertainty



Increasing expectations for a slow and un-even global recovery



Fundamentals are very weak, but central bank support acts as a floor to markets. Additional risks to consider post COVID-19 such as political uncertainty, de-globalisation, sovereign risk, defensive assets becoming less defensive?...

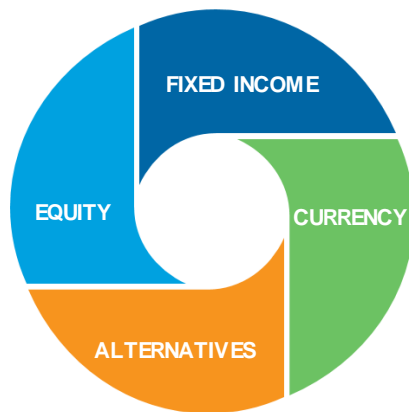


Utilise a flexible approach to asset allocation in order to protect capital or enhance returns in these uncertain times

Defend, Defend, Defend

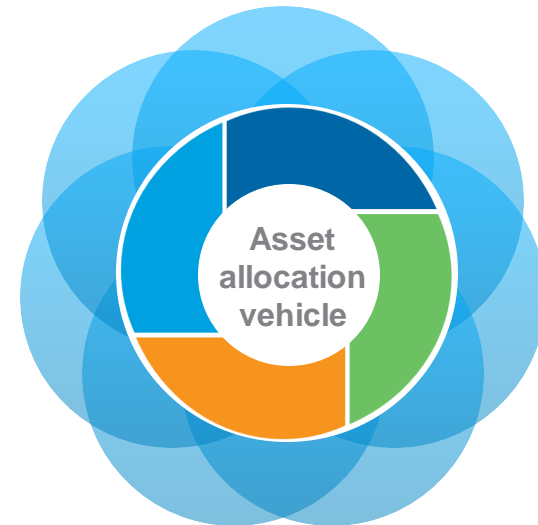
Macquarie solutions seeking to address the asset allocation dilemma

Macquarie Multi-Asset Opportunities Fund (MAO)



- ✓ Targeting attractive and stable **real returns**
- ✓ Focus on **active** asset allocation
- ✓ Suitable for a core allocation within a diversified SMA

Macquarie Evolve Multi-Asset SMAs



- ✓ Three **investor risk profiles**, using MAO as the core
- ✓ Delivers a fee conscious approach **blending active and low cost strategies**
- ✓ Available on the **Macquarie Engage and Elevate** wrap platforms

Contact Macquarie to find out more about these solutions

Questions?



Significant risks of the Macquarie Evolve Multi-Asset Portfolios



Investment risk	The Macquarie Evolve Multi-Asset Portfolios seek to generate higher returns than traditional cash investments. The risk of an investment in the Portfolios is higher than an investment in a typical bank account or term deposit. Amounts distributed to investors may fluctuate, as may the portfolios' values. The portfolio values may vary by material amounts, even over short periods of time, including during the period between a redemption or application request being made and the time the redemption unit price or application unit price for the underlying Funds are calculated.
Manager risk	There is no guarantee that the Portfolio will achieve its performance objectives, produce returns that are positive, or compare favourably against its peers. In addition, the investment strategies and internal trading guidelines may vary over time, and there is no guarantee that such changes would produce favourable outcomes.
Income securities risk	The Portfolios may have exposure to a range of income securities, including high yield, emerging markets, and structured securities. The value of these securities may fall, for example due to market volatility, interest rate movements, perceptions of credit quality, supply and demand pressures, market sentiment or issuer default. These risks may be greater for securities offering higher returns, for example high yield or emerging market securities. These risks will be greater for Portfolios with a higher exposure to fixed income securities.
Market risk	The investments that the Portfolio has exposure to are likely to have a broad correlation with share markets in general. Share markets can be volatile and have the potential to fall by large amounts over short periods of time. Poor performance or losses in domestic and/or global share markets are likely to negatively impact the overall performance of the Portfolio. These risks will be greater for Portfolios with a higher exposure to equities.

More information on the risks of investing in the SMA are contained in the respective platform provider's Product Disclosure Statement, which should be considered before deciding to invest in the SMA.

Significant risks of the Macquarie Multi-Asset Opportunities Fund



Investment risk	The Fund seeks to generate higher returns than traditional cash investments. The risk of an investment in the Fund is higher than an investment in a typical bank account or term deposit. Amounts distributed to unitholders may fluctuate, as may the Fund's unit price. The unit price may vary by material amounts, even over short periods of time, including during the period between a redemption request or application for units being made and the time the redemption unit price or application unit price is calculated.
Manager risk	There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its performance objectives, produce returns that are positive, or compare favourably against its peers. In addition, the investment strategies and internal trading guidelines may vary over time, and there is no guarantee that such changes would produce favourable outcomes.
Income securities risk	The Fund may have exposure to a range of income securities, including high yield, emerging markets, and structured securities. The value of these securities may fall, for example due to market volatility, interest rate movements, perceptions of credit quality, supply and demand pressures, market sentiment or issuer default. These risks may be greater for securities offering higher returns, for example high yield or emerging market securities. Income security risk may cause unit price volatility and/or financial loss to the Fund.
Market risk	The investments that the Fund has exposure to are likely to have a broad correlation with share markets in general. Share markets can be volatile and have the potential to fall by large amounts over short periods of time. Poor performance or losses in domestic and/or global share markets are likely to negatively impact the overall performance of the Fund.
Default risk	Issuers or entities upon which the Fund's investments depend may default on their obligations, for instance by failing to make a payment due on a security or by failing to return principal. Such parties can include the issuers of securities held by the Fund (or those referenced in credit derivative transactions), and may include sovereigns, supranational entities, governments and states, as well as corporations. Counterparties to the Fund may default on a contractual commitment. Counterparties may include over-the-counter derivatives counterparties, brokers (including clearing brokers of exchange traded instruments), repurchase agreement counterparties, foreign exchange counterparties, as well as the custodian. Default on the part of an issuer or counterparty could result in a financial loss to the Fund.
Credit risk	The value of the Fund's investments may be sensitive to changes in market perceptions of credit quality, both of individual issuers and of the credit markets in general. The Fund may invest in credit related securities and takes credit risk in order to achieve its investment objectives. Deteriorations in the market's perception of credit quality may negatively impact the values of such securities, and hence the Fund's unit price.

More information on the risks of investing in the Fund is contained in the Product Disclosure Statement, which should be considered before deciding to invest in the Fund.

Term sheet – Macquarie Multi-asset Opportunities Fund



Key information

APIR code	MAQ3069AU
Inception Date	30 September 2013
Benchmark	Bloomberg Ausbond Bank Bill Index
Management Fee	0.70% pa
Indirect Cost*	0.038% pa per PDS dated 20 November 2019
Platform availability	Macquarie Wrap, Netwealth, PowerWrap, uXchange, mFunds

Term sheet – Macquarie Evolve Multi-asset SMAs



Key information

SMA codes	SMAMAQ05S: Macquarie Evolve Balanced Multi-Asset Portfolio SMAMAQ06S: Macquarie Evolve Conservative Multi-Asset Portfolio SMAMAQ07S: Macquarie Evolve Growth Multi-Asset Portfolio
Inception Date	25 November 2019
Benchmark	Benchmark Unaware
Management Fee*	0.205% p.a.
Indirect Cost*	Conservative: 0.417% p.a. Balanced: 0.417% p.a. Growth: 0.401% p.a. <i>Due to a reduction of the management fee on one of the underlying strategies, we would expect indirect costs to be below 40bps and the ICR below 60bps across all risk profiles moving forward</i>
Platform availability	Macquarie Wrap

*Refers to the fee and costs applicable for investing in the Macquarie Evolve Multi-Asset Portfolios via the Macquarie Consolidator II – Engage Platform. Indirect cost figures are generally estimates for a previous financial year and the prevailing level of indirect costs may be different.

Further information is available in the Macquarie Separately Managed Account Product Disclosure Statement and a separate information booklet titled Macquarie Separately Managed Account Additional information to the Product Disclosure Statement.

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